

# Video Game Development from the Perspective of Security Research

GermanDevDays | Juni 2023



TeamUSEC  
Human-Centered Security



# Introduction





# Empirical & Behavioral Security Group (Hannover)



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PhD Researcher



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PhD Researcher



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Full Professor @ LUH



TeamUSEC  
Human-Centered Security

<https://teamusec.de>



# CISPA Helmholtz Center for Information Security

- Founded 2011 in Saarbrücken, joined Helmholtz 2019
- Basic and applied research in the field of cybersecurity and privacy
- gGmbH of the federal German state (90%) and the Saarland (10%)

- 6 research areas
- 34 faculties
- 300 employees





# Security and Usability





# General: Why is security so hard?

- **Functionality**

- If user does *<some expected input>*, then system does *<some expected action>*





# General: Why is security so hard?

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- **Security**
  - If a user or outsider does *<some unexpected thing>*, then the system does not do *<any real bad thing>*





# General: Why is security so hard?

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  - If user does *<some expected input>*, then system does *<some expected action>*
- Security
  - If a user or outsider does *<some unexpected thing>*, then the system does not do *<any real bad thing>*
- **Why is security difficult?**
  - What are all the possible unexpected things?
  - How do we know that all of them are protected?
  - At what level of system abstraction?
    - software, hardware, crypto, user, ...







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**Security needs to protect against *everything***  
**But: Attackers only need to find one vulnerability**





# Security is a secondary task



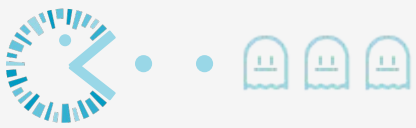


**> 95% of all security incidents recognize “human error” as a contributing factor\***

- Admins: system misconfigurations, poor patch management
- Developers: security APIs misuse, outdated libraries
- End-users: easy-to-guess passwords, noncompliance to security warnings



\*IBM Security Services Cyber Security Intelligence Index



# Developers life is unnecessarily complicated

- Unsafe API Defaults
- Bad Documentation
- Bad Tool Support
- Even the Bad Guys Fail

```
SecretKeySpec localSecretKeySpec = new SecretKeySpec(arrayOfByte, "AES");  
Cipher localCipher = Cipher.getInstance("AES");
```

```
Cipher c = Cipher.getInstance("DES/CBC/PKCS5Padding");
```

Using modes such as **CFB** and **OFB**, block ciphers can encrypt data in units smaller than you may optionally specify the number of bits to be processed at a time by appending t

```
@Override  
public void checkServerTrusted(X509Certificate[] arg0, String arg1)  
    throws CertificateException {  
    // TODO Auto-generated method stub  
}
```

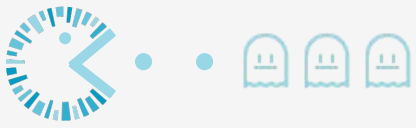
## Security

31

### Insane blackhats behind world's most expensive ransomware 'forget' to backup crypto keys

Only Linux victims can decrypt warped \$247,000 BlackEnergy module - and then only maybe





# Security in Video Games

*“[...] Whether it’s **DDoS-for-hire botnets**, **credential abuse**, or **application attacks**, the gaming industry is popular in the worst of ways: **as the target.**”*





## Who of you has implemented ...

- Multiplayer / Client-Server Communication
  - Anti-Cheating
- Anti-Piracy / DRM
- Self-developed / Integrated APIs for
  - Login / Authentication
  - Payment
- Cryptography





# Who of you has implemented ...

- Multiplayer / Client-Server Communication
  - Anti-Cheating
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- Self-developed / Integrated APIs for
  - Login / Authentication
  - Payment
- Cryptography
  
- **Any Incidents?**





# Security as a Feature: Constraints

- Time Issues
- Money Issues
- Knowledge Gap
- At odds with gameplay







## Related Work

- *Cowboys, ankle sprains, and keepers of quality* (2014), E. Murphy-Hill
  - How is video game development different from software development?
  - Mixed-method study: Interviews + Surveys



Source: <https://doi.org/10.1145/2568225.2568226>





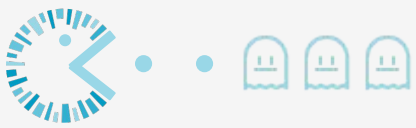
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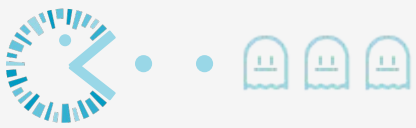
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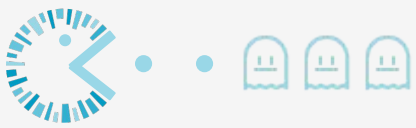
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    - **Vague requirements + complex architecture** leads to bug-prone software
    - Rapidly **changing code base hinders testing** and automation
    - **Complex tool pipelines**
    - **Tight deadlines** lead to rushed development



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# Incidents

The Diablo 4 beta has been bricking graphics cards

A repeat of the New Malicious Dota 2 game modes infected

players with malware

Apex Legends cheaters are removing players from lobbies at will

Hackers abuse Genshin Impact anti-cheat system to disable antivirus

Ubisoft Hacked And Private User Data Posted

## Fans Freak Out As *Zelda: Tears Of The Kingdom* Leaks Two Weeks Early

Some people are already playing the *Breath of the Wild* sequel

**CVE-2021-30481: Source engine remote code execution via game invites**

**Dark Souls servers taken down due to an exploit 'that could let someone take over your PC'**

Zero-day in EA's Origin exposes gamers to yet more RCE pwnage

Grand Theft Auto 6 leak: who hacked Rockstar and what was stolen?

A Directory Traversal Attack on Punkbuster Server can be Leveraged to Gain Remote Code Execution

**Battle.net has recovered from DDoS attack, Blizzard says**

CD Projekt Red says it was hacked but won't pay the ransom

**Ubisoft confirms Just Dance data breach amid developer exodus**

XSS slip-up exposed Fortnite gamers to account hijack





# Attack Vectors and Consequences

- **User issues** (e.g., *Clients, Game, Engine, Services*)

- Engagement/Trust
- Account issues
- Monetary damages





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- **Studio, Publisher, Games(-as-a-Service)** (e.g., *Infrastructure, Other Channels*)

- Availability
- Public Relations
- Revenue







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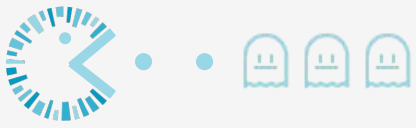
- Data Protection / Law





# Security in Development





# World of CVEs

- **C**ommon **V**ulnerabilities and **E**xposures
  - Public disclosure of security vulnerabilities



Source: <https://cve.mitre.org/>



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**External Links :**

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**View CVE :**

(e.g.: CVE-2009-1234 or 2010-1234 or 20101234)

**View BID :**

(e.g.: 12345)

**Search By Microsoft Reference ID:**

## Vulnerability Details : [CVE-2009-4768](#)

Unspecified vulnerability in the JASS script interpreter in Warcraft III: The Frozen Throne 1.24b and earlier allows user-assisted remote attackers to execute arbitrary code via a crafted custom map. NOTE: some of these details are obtained from third party information.

Publish Date : 2010-04-20 Last Update Date : 2017-08-17

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### – CVSS Scores & Vulnerability Types

CVSS Score	<b>9.3</b>
Confidentiality Impact	<b>Complete</b> (There is total information disclosure, resulting in all system files being revealed.)
Integrity Impact	<b>Complete</b> (There is a total compromise of system integrity. There is a complete loss of system protection, resulting in the entire system being compromised.)
Availability Impact	<b>Complete</b> (There is a total shutdown of the affected resource. The attacker can render the resource completely unavailable.)
Access Complexity	<b>Medium</b> (The access conditions are somewhat specialized. Some preconditions must be satisfied to exploit)
Authentication	<b>Not required</b> (Authentication is not required to exploit the vulnerability.)
Gained Access	<b>None</b>
Vulnerability Type(s)	Execute Code
CWE ID	<a href="#">94</a>

### – Products Affected By CVE-2009-4768

#	Product Type	Vendor	Product	Version	Update	Edition	Language	
1	Application	<a href="#">Blizzard</a>	<a href="#">Warcraft 3 The Frozen Throne</a>	*	*	*	*	<a href="#">Version Details</a> <a href="#">Vulnerabilities</a>
2	Application	<a href="#">Blizzard</a>	<a href="#">Warcraft 3 The Frozen Throne</a>	1.2.4a	*	*	*	<a href="#">Version Details</a> <a href="#">Vulnerabilities</a>
3	Application	<a href="#">Blizzard</a>	<a href="#">Warcraft 3 The Frozen Throne</a>	1.2.4	*	*	*	<a href="#">Version Details</a> <a href="#">Vulnerabilities</a>

### – Number Of Affected Versions By Product

Vendor	Product	Vulnerable Versions
<a href="#">Blizzard</a>	<a href="#">Warcraft 3 The Frozen Throne</a>	3

### – References For CVE-2009-4768

<https://exchange.xforce.ibmcloud.com/vulnerabilities/54324>

XF warcraft3-frozenthron-jass-code-execution(54324)

<http://forums.battle.net/thread.html?topicId=16888549346> CONFIRM

<http://www.securityfocus.com/bid/37052>

BID 37052 Warcraft III: The Frozen Throne JASS Interpreter Multiple Remote Code Execution Vulnerabilities *Release Date:2009-11-18*

<http://secunia.com/advisories/37390>



# World of CVEs

- Common Vulnerabilities and Exposures
  - Public disclosure of security vulnerabilities
- **Standardised description, scoring, and references**
  - Easy to see if, e.g., your lib dependency has a flaw
  - Lessons learned what went wrong



Source: <https://cve.mitre.org/>





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  - Lessons learned what went wrong
- **You can report that too!**



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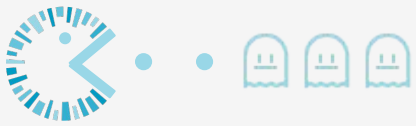


# World of CVEs

- CVE-2022-24125, CVE-2022-24126: FromSoftware matchmaking servers allow arbitrary push requests to clients
- CVE-2020-36603: Genshin Impact anti-cheat driver does not adequately restrict unprivileged function calls
- CVE-2021-30481: Source engine remote code execution via game invites
- CVE-2020-27708: Origin Client elevation of privileges
- CVE-2020-27383: Battle.Net elevation of privileges
- CVE-2019-14737: Ubisoft Uplay 92.0.0.6280 insecure permissions
- CVE-2015-9288: Unity Web Player allows accessing to online services via a victim's credentials
- [...]



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+ **CVE-2021-38003** Google's V8



Source: <https://cve.mitre.org/>





## • • **Example: Dark Souls (CVE-2022-24125, CVE-2022-24126)**

- Third-person action role-playing (FromSoftware, 2011, 2014, 2016)



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- Third-person action role-playing (FromSoftware, 2011, 2014, 2016)
- Multiplayer: "Summon" other players for PvP/PvE
- Matchmaking via push requests and player IDs
- Send arbitrary push messages/payload
- Improper bounds checking, stack overflow to execute planted code



Source: <https://github.com/tremwil/ds3-nrssr-rce>



# • • **Example: Genshin Impact (CVE-2020-36603)**

- Multiplatform open-world online action RPG (miHoYo, 2020)



Source: <https://github.com/kkent030315/evil-mhyprot-cli>



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- Multiplatform open-world online action RPG (miHoYo, 2020)
- Vulnerability in `mhyprot2.sys`, windows kernel-mode driver (Anti-Cheat with **system-level privilege**)
- Exposing high-privileged IOCTL (Input/Output Control) calls to user-mode
  - Read/Write arbitrary kernel/process memory
  - Terminate arbitrary processes
  - ...





## • • **Example: DotA 2 (CVE-2021-38003, Google's V8)**

- Multiplayer online battle arena (Valve Corporation, 2013)



Source: <https://decoded.avast.io/janvojtesek/dota-2-under-attack-how-a-v8-bug-was-exploited-in-the-game/>



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- Multiplayer online battle arena (Valve Corporation, 2013)
- V8: Google's open-source JavaScript engine
- Embedded into DotA as `v8.dll`
- Exploit in outdated version included in game client
- Backdoor introduced through custom game mode (Steam Workshop)
- Execute arbitrary additional JavaScript code fetched via HTTP



Source: <https://decoded.avast.io/janvojtesek/dota-2-under-attack-how-a-v8-bug-was-exploited-in-the-game/>



# Security on Higher Levels





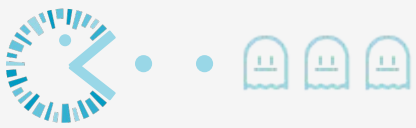
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Source: [https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-030-10543-3\\_16](https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-030-10543-3_16)





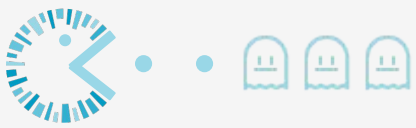
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  - Consider all components and interactions to **create security policies**
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  - Thorough **testing** and **reviewing**, preferably automated, to ensure quality of product
  - **Developers must adapt** to changes in technology to strengthen security measures and protect, e.g., user data



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# Related Work: Security in Development

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  - Interview study exploring security practices in development stages



Source: <https://www.usenix.org/conference/soups2018/presentation/assal>





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- *Security in the Software Development Lifecycle* (2018), H. Assal
  - Interview study exploring security practices in development stages
  - Factors affecting security practices:
    - Security knowledge, division of labor
    - **Company culture, availability of resources**
    - External pressure, security incidents



Source: <https://www.usenix.org/conference/soups2018/presentation/assal>





## Related Work: Security Advocates

- *An Analysis of the Role of Situated Learning in Starting a Security Culture in a Software Company* (2021), A. Tuladhar
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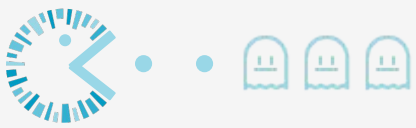


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  - **Management actively supporting** featured practices helps
  - Positively **giving rise to security-aware software engineers**





# Applied Security Advices

- Be **aware**
  - Even better: Have **policies**





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  - Even better: Have **policies**
- **Support devs** as manager
- Do **tests** and **reviews**
- Have dedicated **people / resources**





# Know your Enemy: Threat Modelling

- Proactive: **Identify potential threats and vulnerabilities** in a system
  - Prioritize and allocate resources



Sources: [https://owasp.org/www-community/Threat\\_Modeling](https://owasp.org/www-community/Threat_Modeling)





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- Proactive: Identify potential threats and vulnerabilities in a system
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- Enhanced system resilience, **reduce potential for breaches**
  - Foster security-conscious mindset in teams
  - Identify and address concerns early, reduce cost and effort for remediation



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  - Prioritize and allocate resources
- Enhanced system resilience, reduce potential for breaches
  - Foster security-conscious mindset in teams
  - Identify and address concerns early, reduce cost and effort for remediation
- **Steps** in threat modeling:
  - Identify assets and resources to be protected
  - Enumerate potential threats and vulnerabilities
  - Assess impact and likelihood of each threat
  - Prioritize and implement *appropriate* security measures





# Ongoing work and outlook





# Case Study: P2P Security in Steam

- Master's thesis in cooperation with Ruhr-Universität Bochum
- Recently released Sons of the Forest got cracked with multiplayer
- Crack using P2P system in Steam through specific developer API
- Investigating misuse potential of this loophole





# Interview Study: Security Challenges in Game Dev

- Why do security vulnerabilities sneak into video games in the first place?  
... and what can we do?
- Interviewing experts from the game development community
  - Involvement in **programming** components, **managing** teams, or **negotiating** contracts that address **security or privacy-related issues in or about a video game product**
- Develop tools, guidelines, and recommendations shared with the industry
- Enhancing the adoption of robust security practices in game development
- **Let's build the baseline together!**

[research.teamusec.de/2023-game-dev](https://research.teamusec.de/2023-game-dev)





## Future Work

- Usage of unsafe programming practices in C#/C++  
(cf. *Interview Study on Use and Risks of Unsafe Rust* (2023), S. Höltervennhoff)<sup>[1]</sup>
- Tool development (Unity Engine/Unreal Engine/Unrelated)  
(cf. *Social influences on secure development tool adoption* (2014), S. Xiao)<sup>[2]</sup>
- Networking & fitting encryption  
(cf. *Evaluation of videogame network architecture perf. and security* (2021), B. Bryant)<sup>[3]</sup>
- Assets / Supply Chain
  - Security & Usability of proprietary internal (publisher) SDKs/Libs





# Q&A

## Contact

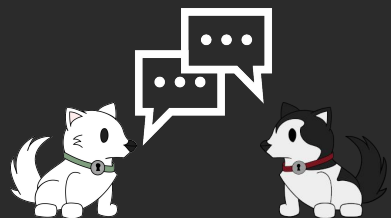
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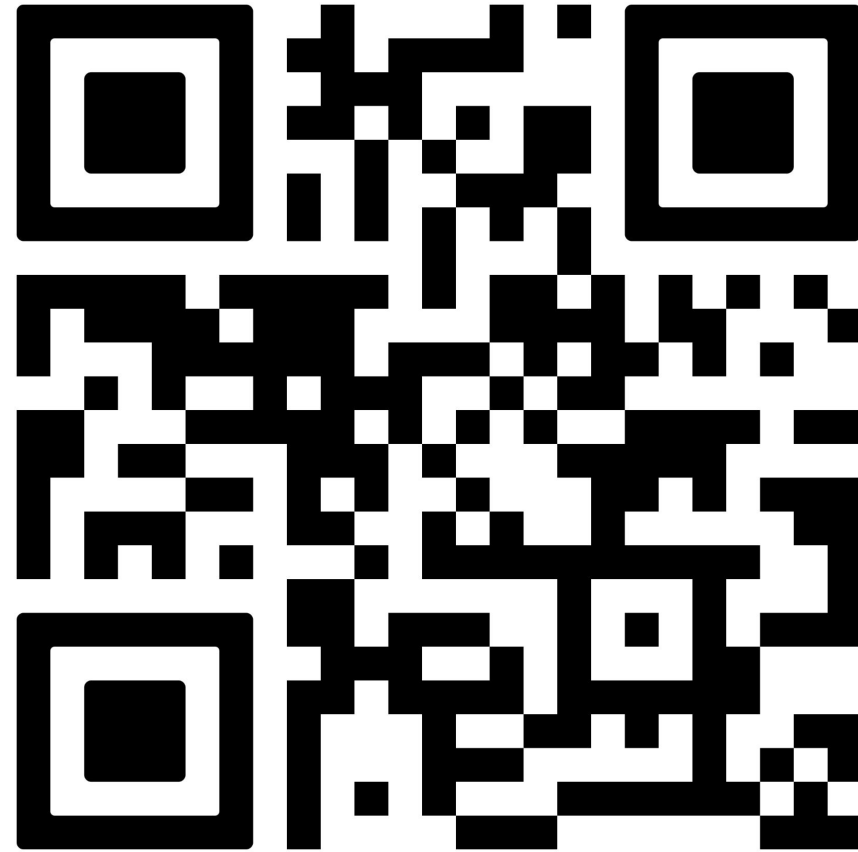
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